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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/672,883	09/26/2003	Michael R. Hill	AmSp:Slid1	9524	
26790	7590 11/17/2004		EXAMINER		
LAW OFFICE OF KAREN DANA OSTER, LLC PMB 1020 15450 SW BOONES FERRY ROAD #9			SAKRAN, VICTOR N		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	EGO, OR 97035		3677		
			DATE MAILED: 11/17/2004	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Appl	ication No.	Applicant(s)	M			
Office Action Survey			72,883	HILL, MICHAEL R.	•			
	Office Action Summary	Exan	niner	Art Unit				
		VICT	OR N SAKRAN	3677				
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears o	n the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address				
THE - External after after - If the - If No Fail Any	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN ensions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comme period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3 or period for reply is specified above, the maximum sture to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ICATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In nunication. 0) days, a reply within the atutory period will apply will, by statute, cause the	no event, however, may a restatutory minimum of thire and will expire SIX (6) MON the application to become AB	eply be timely filed by (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communic BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.			
Status								
1)[Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on 26 Septemb	ber 2003.					
2a)□	·	2b)⊠ This action						
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4)⊠ 5)□	Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected.	re withdrawn fror						
Applicat	ion Papers							
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on <u>26 September</u> Applicant may not request that any objected to a specific product of the oath or declaration is objected to the specific product of the specifi	er 2003 is/are: a) ction to the drawing the correction is re	g(s) be held in abeyar equired if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	• •			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)□ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation See the attached detailed Office action	documents have documents have of the priority doc nal Bureau (PCT	been received. been received in A cuments have been Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage				
Attachmer	nt(s)							
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview S	Summary (PTO-413)	L . 24			
3) 🔯 Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or er No(s)/Mail Date <u>9/26/03</u> .			s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-8 and 11-18, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van Buren, Jr. U. S. Patent No. 2,823,434 in view of Ortega U. S. Patent No. 5,327,619.

Van Buren, Jr. discloses the general combination claimed of a sliding reusable connector for attaching an object to a base comprising a main body (14) having

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first and second ends, a track member (24) formed at the first end of said main body, and a slide (16) having first and second ends including locking structure formed at one end of said slide and a locking means (slide stop) (22) formed at the second end of the main body; see Figures 1,3 6; column 1, lines 49-54; column 2, lines 7-11, 20-25, and claim 1, except that the reference to Van Buren, Jr. does not form the slide locking structure at the second end of its main body and does not provide an aperture-type secondary connection means in the body for securing its base to the object. Ortega teaches the use of a slide (30) having a locking structure (36,37) formed at one end thereof and a main body (10) having a locking portion (19,20) formed at its second end, so that the slider locking structure releasably engaging and disengaging with the locking portion in its main body; see Figures 3,4,6, and the abstract. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the location of the locking means in Van Buren, Jr. by merely forming its locking means at the second end of its main body including an aperture means to be formed in the base of its main body for securing the base to an object in the manner taught, disclosed and suggested by Ortega, especially, since such modification involves only routine skill in the art.

Furthermore, Applicant is reminded that in considering the disclosure of a reference, it is proper to take into account not only specific teaching of the reference but also the inferences which one skilled in the art would reasonably be

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expected to draw therefrom; see In re Preda, 401 F2d 825, 826, 159 USPQ 342,344 (CCPA1968).

As to the particular length of the insertion opening in the main body as recited in claim 6, is considered to be no more than an obvious matter of design choice; especially, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, therefore, discovering the optimum or workable ranges is also involves only routine skill in the art. See In Re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.

Moreover, the particular location and/or the arrangement selected of an elements is also considered to be no more than an obvious matter of design choice to one having ordinary skill within the art, especially, since it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention is involves only routine skill in the art. See In Re Japikse, 86 USPQ 70.

Claims 9 and 10, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the same references as applied to claim 1, above, and further in view of Darvie et al U. S. Patent No. 2,455,236 who teaches the use of a slide having grooves and ribs (18,18') in a sliding reusable connector and to further provide the slide in Van Buren, Jr. with at least one groove and at least one rib in the manner taught, disclosed and suggested by Darvie.et al it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to

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applicant's disclosure. Applicant's attention is directed to the art cited herein,

and of record, as showing structure related to Applicant's disclosed invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications

from the examiner should be directed to VICTOR N SAKRAN whose telephone

number is 703-308-2224. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 AM -

5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the

examiner's supervisor, J. J. swann can be reached on 703-308-4115. The fax

phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is

assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from

the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information

for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public

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direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

November 10, 2004

Primary Examiner

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